## Pupil premium strategy statement – Lakenheath CP School

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils last academic year.

#### **School overview**

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	263
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	17%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	2024-2026
Date this statement was published	January 2024
Date on which it will be reviewed	December 2024
Pupil premium lead	Michael Tingey
Governor / Trustee lead	Sandra Parker



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# Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£73180
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year Recovery premium received in academic year 2023/24 cannot be carried forward beyond August 31, 2024.	£6525
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year	£79705

## Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

#### **Statement of intent**

At Lakenheath CP School, we understand that challenging socio-economic circumstances can create additional barriers to successful learning. However, we are clear that these challenges can be overcome through high quality teaching, targeted support and additional resources and experiences. As a school, we are determined to ensure our disadvantaged pupils, irrespective of their background, thrive in all areas of our curriculum and leave primary school with the foundations and experiences to access the next level of their education. Ultimately, our aim is to ensure that we target the use of our Pupil Premium grant to ensure all of our disadvantaged pupils receive equal access to the highest quality education.

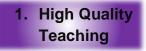
Alongside the research conducted by the EEF, we have recognised that disadvantaged children can face a wide range of barriers which may impact on their learning. As a school, are objectives are to remove these obstacles, narrow the attainment gap, address the weak language and communication skills and allow and enable our pupils to develop their knowledge and understanding of the world.

The evidence base strongly suggests that the most effective way to improve outcomes for disadvantaged children is through excellent classroom teaching. Excellent classroom teaching can be achieved by all teachers, through a combination of high-quality professional development; sharing of outstanding practice and open and honest conversations about learning. Through careful monitoring of our disadvantaged pupils, we strive to quickly identify gaps and target our support to ensure these children do not fall behind their peers.

All children need opportunities to enrich their lives through experience and we believe as a school, we must make sure that where children are unable to access these at home, the opportunities are provided for them by school. In this way, all vulnerable children have raised aspirations and are helped to achieve the best possible outcomes according to their starting points.

Strategy | A tiered approach

At Lakenheath Community Primary School we have adopted a tiered approach to Pupil Premium spending which allows the school to focus on a series of targeted strategies which will have the greatest impact. These are:



**Teaching** | Spending on improving teaching and providing professional development opportunities is at the forefront of our approach. Ensuring an effective teacher is in front of every class, and that every teacher is supported to keep improving, is a key ingredient to the success of our provision, and is therefore the top priority for our Pupil Premium spending. Through tight monitoring of our disadvantaged pupils, and excellent subject knowledge in how to plug gaps, all of our staff take responsibility for the progress of these children.

2. Targeted academic support

**Targeted academic support for disadvantaged pupils** | Evidence consistently demonstrates the positive impact that targeted academic support can have. We use a variety of support mechanisms be they one-to-one or small group interventions as a key component to sit alongside effective classroom teaching and learning. We use evidence based interventions and booster groups to support our disadvantaged pupils, whilst ensuring they have access to a full, broad and balanced curriculum.

#### 3. Wider strategies

**Wider strategies** | The final element of our approach is to provide support in tackling the most significant, non-academic, barriers to success at school, including attendance, behaviour and social and emotional support. We support our disadvantaged children through subsidising breakfast clubs, after school provision, and through targeted experiences including trips and visits. We engage closely with families and offer music lessons and access to emotional literacy sessions.

## Challenges

Research and evidence about tackling educational disadvantage indicates that we must first identify barriers to learning. At Lakenheath CP School, we have conducted analysis of barriers to learning in our setting and have identified the following:

Challenge number	Detail of challenge	
1	Limited speech and language skills: We have identified how disadvantaged children are joining Early Years wit significant under-development with oral language skills and vocabulary gaps. This is particularly evident in Reception and KS1 but still prevalent among some our disadvantaged pupils in KS2.	
2	Reading skills and reading habits – Through our close monitoring and rigorous assessment strategy, we have identified many of our disadvantaged children start school with a very limited vocabulary and knowledge of the letters and sounds. This immediately puts them at a disadvantage with phonics. Throughout school, many or disadvantaged children have limited access to reading material at home and quickly develop a lack of reading fluency and limited comprehension skills compared to their peers. Whilst this gap narrows in KS2, it is prevat throughout school.         Writing (including SPaG and handwriting) Whilst our disadvantaged children have made positive progress across KS2, writing continues to be an area of develop for these children, especially in KS1. Through moderation within and across schools, there is a gap in presentation, spelling and grammar between children with pupil premium and their peers.	
3		
4 Maths – understanding number – From our in-house assessments, we have identified a particular g disadvantaged children's understanding of number and fluency with mental maths recall. Generally children have scored lower on arithmetic papers than their peers. This seems to have been exacerly since the COVID-19 pandemic.		
5	Emotional well-being and social, emotional and mental health difficulties that impact on attendance and behaviour for learning. Through observations and monitoring of behavioural logs and attendance (particularly persistent absentees), it is evident that SEMH needs across school are higher amongst our disadvantaged pupils and this appears to have been exacerbated by the pandemic.	
6	Limited 'Cultural Capital' and enrichment – From our thorough understanding of our families, it is clear that financial constraints can be an obstacle to PP children accessing the same cultural capital as their non-	

disadvantaged peers. This is compounded by being from a rural community with limited access to public
transport. The lack of experiences these children have is a limiting factor in how they access the curriculum.
They struggle with contextual understanding and language.

#### Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Disadvantaged pupils develop and use language effectively and widely to express themselves.	Pupils develop and can use language to express themselves clearly using appropriate vocabulary and grammatically correct sentence structures in both speech and written forms. This can be seen in the monitoring process undertaken by school. There will be a reduction in the % of children needing to access SALT support and will be evident through engagement in lessons and through formative assessment.
<ul> <li>Pupils develop and use phonic knowledge effectively to read fluently and accurately and improve comprehension skills.</li> <li>Pupils read widely and for enjoyment.</li> <li>Pupils can answer a range of question types (e.g., retrieve; infer, deduce, predict) in a range of text types and genre (e.g. short stories; procedural; recount; information; diary).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pupils progress quickly in phonics.</li> <li>Reduce the % of pupil premium children requiring 'Keep Up' and 'Catch-up' Little Wandle phonics sessions.</li> <li>Increase % of disadvantaged pupils passing the phonics screening check (33%) to close the gap with national (66%).</li> <li>Pupils progress quickly through Accelerated Reader level making accelerated progress.</li> <li>Pupils close the gap in NFER assessments.</li> <li>% pupils reaching the expected standard or above in Y6 Reading SATs is in line with non-disadvantaged.</li> </ul>

To address identified gaps in learning to improve and develop pupils' writing skills.	Pupils develop and can use language to express themselves clearly using appropriate vocabulary and grammatically correct
<ul> <li>Pupils have excellent composition skills – they can articulate ideas well and can structure them effectively in various types and genre of writing.</li> </ul>	sentence structures in written forms. This can be seen in the monitoring process undertaken by school. They understand the writing process and can write legibly.
<ul> <li>Pupils are confident and accurate in their use of vocabulary, grammar, and punctuation.</li> </ul>	Increased % of children reaching the expected level in writing by
<ul> <li>Pupils can proofread and edit their work effectively</li> </ul>	the end of KS1 (from 50%) to close the gap with national (60%)
• Pupils can manipulate simple tools and demonstrate improved pencil control.	Increase the % of disadvantaged children reaching the expected level in KS2 to be in line with reading and maintain attainment
• Pupils demonstrate the correct formation, orientation, and size of letters.	and progress above the national % for disadvantaged children.
<ul> <li>Pupils demonstrate legible, joined handwriting</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Pupils are confident and accurate in their use of vocabulary, grammar, and punctuation</li> </ul>	
To address identified gaps in learning to improve and develop pupils' maths skills.	Pupils will increase in confidence in maths and show this in their arithmetic skills and confidence to tackle and solve more
<ul> <li>Pupils understanding of and confidence in maths is increased through a mastery approach.</li> </ul>	complex mathematical problems in a range of ways, as shown in summative and formative assessments.
<ul> <li>Pupils have good arithmetic skills</li> <li>Pupils can reason and problem solve</li> </ul>	This can be seen in the monitoring process undertaken by school.
	Pupils achieve age related expectations for their year group and meet or exceed the end of KS2 Maths expectations.
	Increased % of children reaching the expected level in maths by the end of KS1 (from 47%) to close the gap with national (70%).
	Positive progress scores for disadvantaged pupils by the end of KS2.

		<ul> <li>Pupils have a greater attendance, are ready to learn in class without the need for formal intervention. Number of interventions to ensure pupils are ready to learn is reduced.</li> <li>Fewer behaviour-related incidents are reported.</li> <li>Pupils have increased self-esteem, improved listening skills and expressive language abilities.</li> <li>Pupils are willing to undertake challenges with minimal or no adult support</li> </ul>
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## Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Activity (what we are doing)	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
SALT interventions: ELKAN L4 SALT trained TA running interventions	Recommended by Speech Therapists	1
Little Wandle Catch-up and Keep up interventions targeted support	Recommended practice from Little Wandle Heat map assessments targeting specific gaps and ensuring children keep up through post teaching Phonics research-EEF https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education- evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/phonics	1 and 2
Use Accelerated Reader to enable pupils to read texts at the appropriate reading level. Pupils to be heard	Teachers monitor what pupils are reading. Research shows that pupils who read at least 20 minutes a day with a 90% comprehension rate	2

read in school individually and through whole class reading.	(average percentage correct) on Accelerated Reader quizzes see the greatest gains.	
Releasing teachers to participate in Oracy for Maths research group and Sustaining Mastery from Cambridge Maths Hub	The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches: <u>Mathematics_guidance: key stages 1_and 2</u>	
	The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence: <u>Improving Mathematics in Key Stages 2 and 3</u>	
Times Table Rockstars / Numbots	Mastery approach encourages the development of procedural learning with an increased focus on knowledge of times tables.	4
PP children with identified SEND needs in English and maths to receive extra adult support in class.	SEND pupils receiving extra adult support builds confidence, boosts self-esteem and enables pupils to make progress in their learning.	1-5
Provide 1:1 and small group emotional and well-being support via the Pastoral support team (ELSA and Hamish and Milo)	Recommendations from Educational Psychologist / Specialist Teaching Service There is extensive evidence associating childhood social and emotional skills with improved outcomes at school and in later life (e.g., improved academic performance, attitudes, behaviour and relationships with peers): Improving Social_and_Emotional_ Learning in Primary Schools   EEF	5
Provide a 'nest' nurture lunch time club	Recommendations from Educational Psychologist / Specialist Teaching Service	5

NESSY – for PP children with SEND	Nessy programme collaborates with academics, and follows the Science of Reading, to ensure programs are based upon proven research.	2-3
Dynamo Maths and Number Stacks interventions	Research and evidence-based resources to support pupils with dyscalculia and those struggling with maths and not meeting age-related expectations	4
Teacher-led pre and post teaching intervention in Maths and Writing	Research states that through pre-teaching, learning is built on solid foundations that do not need to be re-taught.         Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to-one:         One to one tuition   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF         And in small groups:         Small group tuition   Teaching and Learning Toolkit   EEF	1-5

## Budgeted cost: £71,000

### Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Free or subsidised music tuition for PP pupils – individual brass/ woodwind or piano lessons	Research suggests music lessons for PP children were found to accelerate their brain development in the areas responsible for language development, sound, reading skill and speech perception	1-5
<i>Free/ reduced trips and experience</i> – Providing opportunities has benefits and impacts that cannot be achieved in any other context or setting. The impact is greater when trip are fully integrated into a school's curriculum		1-5
Reduced rate for PP for breakfast club (breakfast and childcare) £1.50 / hour		
Monitor the attendance and punctuality of PPP and follow up quickly on issues.We cannot improve PPP progress and attainment if they are not attending school regularly. Evidence shows that addressing attendance is the key step. PP children need to be ready for the start of school and not arriving late		1-5

### Budgeted cost: £8,000

### Total: £79,000

# Part B: Review of the previous academic year

## Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

KS2 attainment and progress 2022-23 for children with pupil premium

#### ATTAINMENT & ASSESSMENTS

		Lakenheath Community Primary School (2013)	National (State	e-funded schools)
Subject	Level	Value	Value	Gap
Reading (test), Writing (TA)	≥EXS/Exp.Std.	37.5%	44.1%	-6.6%
& Maths (test)	GDS/High Score	0.0%	3.2%	-3.2%
Reading	≥Exp.Std.	75.0%	60.1%	+14.9%
	High Score	37.5%	17.4%	+20.1%
Writing (TA)	≥EXS	62.5%	58.2%	+4.3%
	GDS	12.5%	6.6%	+5.9%
Maths (test)	≥Exp.Std.	50.0%	<b>59.0%</b>	-9.0%
	High Score	12.5%	12.9%	-0.4%

#### PROGRESS

		Lakenheath Community Primary School (2013)	National (State-funded schools)		
Subject	Level	Value	Value	Gap	
Reading	Avg. Prog. Score	3.80	-0.85	+4.65	
	Conf. Int.	±4.66 -0.86 to +8.46	±0.03 -0.88 to -0.82	n/a	
Writing	Avg. Prog. Score	0.73	-0.66	+1.39	
	Conf. Int.	±4.48 -3.75 to +5.21	±0.03 -0.69 to -0.63	n/a	
Maths	Avg. Prog. Score	-0.95	-1.01	+0.06	
	Conf. Int.	±4.38 -5.33 to +3.43	±0.03 -1.04 to -0.98	n/a	

#### KS1 attainment for children with pupil premium

#### ASSESSMENTS

		Lakenheath Community Primary School (2013)	NCER National	tional
Subject	Level	Value	Value	Gap
Reading	≥EXS	58.3%	68.3%	-10.0%
	GDS	22.2%	18.8%	+3.4%
Writing	≥EXS	55.6%	60.1%	-4.5%
	GDS	5.6%	8.2%	-2.6%
Maths	≥EXS	47.2%	70.4%	-23.2%
	GDS	5.6%	16.3%	-10.7%

Phonics scores for children with pupil premium

			Mark						
Estab. No.	Estab. Name	Cohort	No Score	0-15	16-23	24-31	32-36	37-40	APS
	NCER National	132,380	4.1%	15.0%	6.8%	7.4%	30.8%	36.0%	29.9
2013	Lakenheath Community Primary School	3	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	33.3%	0.0%	33.3%	24.7

Whilst attainment for our disadvantaged is below national in phonics and KS1, progress for our disadvantaged pupils across KS2 was better than the expected progress in reading and writing so that outcomes were also above national. In Maths, progress across KS2 was in line was average and slightly above national for disadvantaged pupils.